

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2026

ՀՈՒՆՎԱՐ - ՓԵՏՐՎԱՐ

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 3

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չնոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Languages tend to change when they are used by different communities, and the
2. development of English in America is a clear example of this process. Long before the United
3. States became an independent nation, English-speaking settlers had already lived in North
4. America for several generations. Over time, their language evolved in response to new
5. surroundings, daily experiences and contact with other cultures and languages. As a result,
6. American English gradually developed features that distinguished it from the English spoken
7. in Britain.

8. Despite these growing differences, Americans continued to rely on British grammar books
9. and dictionaries, which were considered the only reliable sources of correct English. Many
10. people felt that this situation no longer reflected reality, especially as the new nation began to
11. form **its** own identity. One of the most influential figures in this debate was Noah Webster, an
12. American educator, writer and later a lawyer. He strongly believed that political independence
13. should be accompanied by linguistic independence.

14. Between 1783 and 1785, Webster published a series of educational books, including a
15. grammar book, a reading book, and a spelling book, all designed for American learners. These
16. works were based on the way English was actually used in the United States rather than on
17. traditional British rules. Webster's spelling book was particularly successful and quickly
18. became a standard textbook in schools across the country, shaping the language of generations
19. of Americans.

20. The popularity of these early publications allowed Webster to concentrate on a much larger
21. and more **ambitious** project: the creation of an American dictionary. In 1806, he published the
22. first edition, which included many words and expressions commonly used in the United States
23. but rarely heard in Britain. This dictionary was innovative because it aimed to describe real
24. language use instead of telling people how they ought to speak or write.

25. Webster was also deeply concerned about the complexity of English spelling. He argued that
26. unneeded letters made the language harder to learn, especially for children. To simplify
27. spelling, he removed letters he considered redundant and modified certain words to better match
28. their pronunciation. Over time, these changes became widely accepted. Because of Webster's
29. lasting influence, spelling differences such as *color* instead of *colour*, *honor* instead of *honour*
30. and *theater* instead of *theatre* are now clear markers that distinguish American English from
31. British English. His work also encouraged pride in American culture and identity, showing that
32. language can be a reflection of a nation's independence. Today, Webster's name is still closely
33. **associated** with dictionaries and the development of American English.

1 According to Paragraph 1,

- a) British English adopted American words.
- b) languages may change when influenced by different factors.
- c) English-speaking settlers lived in North America for a very short time.
- d) American English stayed identical to British English.

2

Why were British grammar and spelling books considered insufficient in America?

- a) They were banned after independence.
- b) They were too expensive for most Americans.
- c) They were written in old-fashioned English.
- d) They did not reflect how Americans actually spoke.

3

The word **ambitious** in line 21 means

- a) ridiculous
- b) miserable
- c) challenging
- d) predictable

4

Which of the following best explains the meaning of the sentence “*Over time, their language evolved in response to new surroundings...*”

- a) Gradually their language disappeared because of the surroundings ...
- b) In time, their language developed due to new environment ...
- c) Their language remained mostly the same even though they were living in new environment ...
- d) After a while, their language underwent sudden changes that were not influenced by the environment ...

5

The pronoun **its** in line 11 refers to

- a) sources
- b) reality
- c) nation
- d) people

6

Which of the statements is **NOT** true according to the text?

- a) Webster’s works strictly followed British spelling and grammar rules.
- b) Webster’s spelling book reflected American usage and became widely used in schools.
- c) Webster’s dictionary described language as it was actually used in America.
- d) Webster’s books highly contributed to the development of American English.

7

Webster simplified English spelling by

- a) marking similarities between British English and American English.
- b) inventing new letters and modifying certain words.
- c) following British spelling rules more closely.
- d) removing unnecessary letters and adjusting words to match pronunciation.

8

Which of the following is a correct example of Webster’s influence on American English?

- a) *color* instead of *colour*
- b) *theatre* instead of *theater*
- c) *colour* instead of *color*
- d) *honour* instead of *honor*

9

The word **associated** in line 32 may best be replaced by

- a) considered
- b) connected
- c) related
- d) referred

10

Noah Webster’s main belief regarding language was that

- a) Schools should teach multiple languages.
- b) Americans should use only British English.
- c) Political independence should be reflected in the language.
- d) English spelling should remain traditional and complex.

II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:

Choose the right option.

Kids (11)_____ popsicles for decades. But most people (12)_____ that the popsicle was invented by an 11-year-old boy. In 1905, Frank Epperson filled the cup with water and fruit-flavored “soda powder”, a mix that (13)_____ to make a popular drink. Frank left his drink outside with a stir stick in it. He forgot all about it and went to bed. That night the temperature dropped to below freezing in San Francisco, where Frank lived. When he woke up the next morning, he (14)_____ that his fruit drink had frozen. He pulled the frozen mixture out of the cup by the stick, creating a fruit-flavored ice treat. In 1923, Frank Epperson began making and selling his ice treats in different flavors. By 1928 he (15)_____ over 60 million popsicles and his business (16)_____ him very wealthy.

11

- a) have been enjoying
- b) enjoy
- c) are enjoying
- d) had been enjoyed

12

- a) haven’t been known
- b) doesn’t know
- c) don’t know
- d) aren’t known

13

- a) uses
- b) was used
- c) is using
- d) has used

14

- a) was discovered
- b) has discovered
- c) had discovered
- d) discovered

15

- a) would have been sold
- b) was selling
- c) had sold
- d) was sold

16

- a) had made
- b) was made
- c) had been made
- d) have made

Water (17)_____ about 70% of the Earth's surface. However, only a small fraction of this water is suitable for human use. While today there is no more water on the planet than there was in the distant past, the distribution of water has changed. This is partly due to an increase in population. As the number of people on the planet (18)_____, so does the water crisis. Shops which sell water (19)_____ increasingly common. Changes in the Earth's water distribution (20)_____ from space. Places like Lake Chad near the Sahara Desert (21)_____ visibly _____ due to drought and overuse.

17

- a) covers
- b) is covered
- c) was covering
- d) covered

18

- a) grow
- b) grows
- c) was growing
- d) has grown

19

- a) are becoming
- b) is becoming
- c) has become
- d) had become

20

- a) might see
- b) have to see
- c) can be seen
- d) are able to see

21

- a) have changed
- b) is changed
- c) is being changed
- d) were changed

When I arrived at the office this morning, I noticed the safe was wide open. It was obvious that someone (22)_____ into the building the night before. I checked my desk and realized that the confidential contracts (23)_____. I should have locked them in the drawer, but I forgot. The police (24)_____ the security footage all morning, but they haven't found a suspect yet. I (25)_____ to give a formal statement to the board of directors later this afternoon.

22

- a) broke
- b) have broken
- c) had broken
- d) was broken

23

- a) had been missed
- b) were missing
- c) have been missing
- d) had missed

24

- a) is examining
- b) has examined
- c) will be examining
- d) have been examining

25

- a) was able to
- b) ought
- c) might
- d) should

**III. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

26

“Is the exam difficult?”

“Yes, it is _____ that many students fail.”

- a) too difficult
- b) very difficult
- c) such difficult
- d) so difficult

27

“I can’t find my glasses. Did you see _____ anywhere?”

- a) they
- b) it
- c) its
- d) them

28

It’s raining heavily. You _____ take an umbrella, but I _____ stay inside and read.

- a) had better to / would prefer to
- b) had better / would rather
- c) would better / had rather
- d) would like to/ would prefer

29

“Have you heard of this scientist before?”

“I remember _____ him at a conference last year.”

- a) being met
- b) meet
- c) to meet
- d) meeting

30

“I’m in a hurry and can’t carry these bags.”

“Would you _____ and help me with them?”

- a) take me a favour
- b) do me a favour
- c) make me a favour
- d) give me a favour

31

“Have you sent the invitations yet?”

“_____ have confirmed their attendance.”

- a) None of the guest
- b) All the guests
- c) Each of guests
- d) Every guest

32

“She didn’t enjoy the movie last night.”

“I didn’t enjoy it, _____.”

- a) either
- b) neither
- c) too
- d) also

33

The more I visit this country, _____ I become by its history.

- a) more fascinating
- b) more fascinated
- c) the more fascinating
- d) the more fascinated

34

“My brother is driving me mad!”

“It’s about time you stopped _____ about your brother.”

- a) complain
- b) complaining
- c) to complaining
- d) to complain

35

“Do you think Sarah will be able to present her work properly?”

“Yes, she knows the topic _____ to speak confidently.”

- a) well enough
- b) enough good
- c) enough well
- d) good enough

36

_____ is the highest mountain in the world, and many climbers reach the summit of it.

- a) the Everest
- b) the Mount Everest
- c) Mount Everest
- d) Mountain of Everest

37

“We visited two cities on our trip: Barcelona and Madrid.”

“Both were amazing, but I enjoyed _____ more because of its architecture.”

- a) the latest
- b) the later
- c) the latter
- d) the last

IV. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:

Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

How many times have you returned from what was meant to be a relaxing holiday and thought, “*If only I had stayed at home*”? Why are holidays often more (38)_____ than staying at home? This is not (39)_____ very surprising. Foreign travel is tiring, and not only because of the distances involved. A successful trip requires planning and careful (40)_____, which in itself is hard work. Once you have set off, you may have to spend hours in stuffy airports because of endless delays.

Flying, as everyone knows, is an exhausting experience for many people. Finally, you arrive in an (41)_____ environment with no knowledge of the local language. It is almost like becoming a child again: you feel (42) _____ and foolish. Imagine not being able to explain what you want to eat to a waiter or where you are staying to a taxi driver.

38

- a) stress
- b) stressed
- c) stressless
- d) stressful

39

- a) actually
- b) actualized
- c) actuality
- d) actual

40

- a) preparation
- b) prepare
- c) preparative
- d) prepared

41

- a) unfamiliarity
- b) unfamiliar
- c) familiar
- d) familiarity

42

- a) helpful
- b) helping
- c) help
- d) helpless

V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.

43

“Environmental policies are important.”

“Not only _____, but they also help reduce pollution and protect wildlife.”

- a) raising awareness among citizens
- b) among citizens they raise awareness
- c) do they raise awareness among citizens
- d) they do raise awareness among citizens

44

“Why were the students sent home early?”

“Classes were canceled _____ severe thunderstorms in the area.”

- a) because of
- b) owing
- c) because
- d) in case

45

The company introduced flexible working hours last year; _____, employee satisfaction has significantly improved.

- a) despite
- b) otherwise
- c) however
- d) therefore

46

_____ the meeting begun, _____ someone pointed out a serious error in the report.

- a) Scarcely had / that
- b) No sooner had /then
- c) No sooner had / than
- d) Scarcely had / then

47

_____, his explanation makes perfect sense once you think about it carefully.

- a) Although strange it sounds
- b) No matter how strange it sounds
- c) Unless it sounds strange
- d) However strange sounds it

48

Reading regularly is important, _____ improves your vocabulary and enhances your concentration.

- a) whereas it
- b) it neither
- c) because it both
- d) as a result of it

49

_____ the new policies were unpopular, the government decided to implement them anyway.

- a) Nonetheless
- b) Despite
- c) Even though
- d) In spite of

50

You will not receive credit for the assignment _____ you follow the instructions precisely and submit it before the deadline.

- a) provided that
- b) unless
- c) as long as
- d) so long as

**VI. Ընտրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly transformed sentences.**

51

1. *“Please, don’t tell anyone,” she said. “I won’t, I promise,” I said.*
She begged me not to tell anyone and promised that she wouldn’t.
2. *The director said, “We had already made a decision before the meeting started.”*
The director told that they had already made a decision before the meeting had started.
3. *“Will you explain why you didn’t follow the instructions?” the officer asked.*
The officer asked why hadn’t I followed the instructions.
4. *Sarah said to her colleague, “Please make sure they send the documents today.”*
Sarah asked her colleague to make sure they sent the documents that day.
5. *“I shouldn’t have spoken to him in such a tone,” Emma said.*
Emma admitted that she shouldn’t have spoken to him in such a tone.

1. *John wondered if I would like to join them for lunch.*
“Will you like to join us for lunch?” said John.
2. *“Will you have finished the report by tomorrow evening?” the supervisor asked me.*
The supervisor asked me whether I would have finished the report by the following evening.
3. *Mark said, “I have something to tell you, Jane. Let’s go to the study-room.”*
Mark told Jane that he had something to tell her and suggested going to the study-room.
4. *The doctor said to me, “Follow the treatment more carefully and take the medicine.”*
The doctor advised me to follow the treatment more carefully but taking the medicine.
5. *“How long have you been preparing for this interview?” the interviewer said to Jack.*
The interviewer asked Jack how long he had been preparing for that interview.

1. *He asks me, “Did you meet the delegation in the morning?”*
He asks me if I met the delegation in the morning.
2. *“I buy what I want. I’m very satisfied.” the client said to me.*
The client told me that he bought what he wanted as he’s very satisfied.
3. *The caretaker reminded us to switch off the lights before we left.*
“Don’t forget to switch off the lights before you leave,” the caretaker said to us.
4. *“Have you ever considered moving abroad for work?” the advisor said to me.*
The advisor asked me if I had ever considered moving abroad for work.
5. *“I’ve been working overtime every day this week,” said Michael.*
Michael said that he had been working overtime every day that week.

1. *Julia says to me, “Why haven’t you replied to my email?”*
Julia wanted to know why I hadn’t replied to her email.
2. *The trainer said, “You will have improved significantly by the end of the course.”*
The trainer said that we would have been improved significantly by the end of the course.
3. *He denied blaming his colleague for the mistake.*
“No, I didn’t blame you for the mistake.” he said to his colleague.
4. *“Don’t leave your bags unattended in the hall,” the security guard said to the boys.*
The security guard warned the boys not to leave their bags unattended in the hall.
5. *Peter said, “Good luck with your presentation, William.”*
William wished Peter good luck with his presentation.

1. *The teacher said to me, "Would you like me to explain the instructions again?"*
The teacher asked me if I would like her to explain the instructions again.
2. *The boss told his workers that he wasn't against playing computer games in the office.*
The boss said to his workers, "Would you mind not playing computer games in the office?"
3. *"Where have you been staying before moving here, Tom?" the journalist asked.*
The journalist asked Tom where he had been staying before moving there.
4. *"Can you tell me how to access the company's internal database?" asked Peter.*
Peter asked to me to tell him how to access the company's internal database.
5. *"Don't forget to call Sam if there is any delay," said the manager.*
The manager reminded Sam to call him if there was any delay.

VII. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

Marie Curie was a pioneering scientist born in Poland in 1867. She is widely _____ for her groundbreaking research on radioactivity. Despite facing many obstacles as a woman in science, she moved to Paris to study at the Sorbonne, where she devoted herself _____ to her research and education.

Marie was _____ in the discovery of two new elements: polonium and radium. She worked closely with her husband, Pierre Curie, in a small, poorly equipped laboratory, yet they achieved results that were _____ to the field of modern physics.

In 1903, Marie became the first woman to win a Nobel Prize. Throughout her career, she remained _____ focused on using her discoveries for the benefit of humanity, particularly in the development of X-rays during World War I.

1. entirely 2. essential 3. imagined 4. insignificant 5. involved 6. highly 7. recognized

VIII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.

57

1. How would you react if you were asked to take on extra work at the last minute?
2. The Pacific Ocean covers more area than any other ocean, doesn't it?
3. Has the new policy been introduced so suddenly or doesn't?
4. Do you realize that some deserts can get freezing temperatures at night?
5. I assume Peter will speak at the meeting, don't I?

58

1. Will Sam lead the new project team or Ted can?
2. Who did you ask for advice before making your decision?
3. The invitations have already been sent, haven't they?
4. How many chapters does your thesis include?
5. Must we count the votes right now or have we to do it tomorrow?

59

1. Does Elen believe she can solve the problem alone or does she need help?
2. Whether the game will be played or not depends on the weather, won't it?
3. Alessandro Safina's concert ought to start at 7:30, oughtn't he?
4. Did you repair the roof yourself or had it repaired?
5. How long do you think it will take to finish the renovation?

60

1. What made you feel so upset at the meeting yesterday?
2. Do you think will your new project require as much effort as the last one?
3. Don't underestimate how difficult this task can be, will you?
4. Are you and Bill going to negotiate further with the firm?
5. She's finally found a solution to the problem, isn't she?

61

1. Was it your responsibility to check the report before submitting it?
2. Never reveal your plans to anyone, do you?
3. Does your sister work as efficiently as you have been doing lately?
4. There are a great number of masterpieces in the Louvre, aren't they?
5. How dared you ignore all the warnings I gave you?

- IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները/
մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են):
Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them
are odd).

62

The story of coffee is said to have begun in the highlands of Ethiopia, where a goat herder noticed that his flock became unusually energetic after eating certain berries. This discovery eventually spread _____ the Red Sea, moving directly from the African coast to the Arabian shore. European travelers later brought news of this dark beverage _____ to the continent. Initially, it was met _____ suspicion by some, but it soon became a staple of daily life. Today, coffee is grown in tropical climates _____ the narrow line of the equator. Today, coffee is traded around the globe, from the Americas to Asia, and is often delivered _____ a few days to customers everywhere.

1. within 2. along 3. between 4. back 5. with 6. for 7. across

- X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:
Choose the sentences with an odd word.

63

1. Advances in medical research have made it possible for many previously fatal diseases to be treated.
2. By the time the committee reached to a final decision, the media reported several versions.
3. Many people fail to realize that how their everyday habits contribute to long-term environmental damage.
4. Although the experiment was carefully planned, but it did not produce expected results.
5. Their manager insisted on holding another meeting despite the agreement.

64

1. The findings turned out to be highly significant for future research.
2. There has been a noticeable increase of public concern about data privacy.
3. Some of the proposals have been reviewed by independent experts.
4. The applicants remained relatively stable despite of the changes.
5. She is responsible for the efficiently management of the department.

65

1. In spite of being warned repeatedly, he was continued to ignore the safety regulations.
2. The reason why many talented graduates leave the country is linked to the lack of professional opportunities.
3. The scientist acknowledged the contributions which made by her research team.
4. The lecture was so demanding that only a few of students managed to follow the speaker's argument up to the end.
5. Ann has excellent understanding of how the legal system operates.

66

1. She is regarded as one of the most influential thinkers of her generation.
2. The policy failed to achieve for its objectives, damaging public trust in political institutions.
3. The company refused to take any responsibility for data protection.
4. Hardly had the negotiations begun when it became clear that neither side was willing to compromise.
5. The report intended to show how many technological innovation shapes the future of work.

67

1. The conference attracted researchers from all over the world, all sharing similar concerns.
2. The manager explained to the situation very clearly, leaving no room for misunderstanding.
3. Students are encouraged to develop their critical thinking skills rather than memorize facts.
4. The company claimed that the extremely delay was caused by factors beyond its control.
5. She refused to accept with the offer, arguing that it did not reflect her experience.

**XI. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

68

1. Every year, millions of smartphones are sold worldwide.
2. Waterfalls generate energy that can be used as power.
3. The research experiment has been ongoing for ages.
4. Was disappointed he with the final results of the exam?
5. The Great Pyramid of Giza built as a tomb for the Pharaoh Khufu.

69

1. Natural gas found deep within the earth's crust will be relied upon for decades to come.
2. It is believed that the pyramids were built by thousands of paid laborers.
3. Pure water boils at exactly 100 degrees Celsius at sea level.
4. Nelson Mandela was elected as the first Black president of South Africa in 1994.
5. Will the construction project have been completed by the end of December?

70

1. The famous actor was taking for a regular tourist when he wore sunglasses.
2. A decision was to be made after ten hours of intense deliberation.
3. When and by whom this drug discovered?
4. Everybody had greatly impressed by the little girl's performance.
5. Your umbrella might have been taken by someone else by mistake.

71

1. The software is being updated by the IT department as we speak.
2. The entire town square has been beautifully decorated with festive Christmas ornaments.
3. Was the museum been closed during the entire month of January for repairs?
4. He was a famous painter, who born in the USA and educated at Oxford University.
5. The Golden Gate Bridge was designed by Joseph Strauss.

72

1. The assignment was much easier than we had initially expected.
2. The first modern Olympic Games held in Athens, Greece, in 1896.
3. Does she have to be informed as soon as the results are ready?
4. Glaciers are found on nearly every continent on Earth.
5. These fresh vegetables are to be delivered on time.

**XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

73

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Luxurious | 1) providing physical ease and feeling good |
| B) Spacious | 2) having a lot of room; not crowded |
| C) Comfortable | 3) dangerous and involving great risk |
| D) Convenient | 4) high-quality, expensive, and elegant |
| | 5) easy to use, nearby, or saving time |

74

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Schedule | 1) decide that an organized event will no longer happen at all |
| B) Cancel | 2) say what you think will happen in the future |
| C) Interrupt | 3) stop someone while they are speaking or doing something |
| D) Postpone | 4) arrange or appoint a specific time for an event to happen |
| | 5) put off to a later time |

75

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Hostility | 1) a feeling of happiness and enjoyment |
| B) Hospitality | 2) a feeling of being sure of yourself and your abilities |
| C) Confidence | 3) aggressive behaviour towards people or ideas |
| D) Shyness | 4) friendly and generous reception of guests |
| | 5) a feeling of embarrassment about meeting new people |

76

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Sensible | 1) giving someone support or confidence; supportive |
| B) Reserved | 2) easily annoyed because of having to wait for something long |
| C) Patient | 3) hiding one's emotions and feelings |
| D) Encouraging | 4) being able to stay calm and wait for a long time without getting angry |
| | 5) based on reasons; wise |

**XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|---|--|
| A) Located in the very heart of the city, it is an ancient castle | 1) dating back to the 10th century. |
| B) For our stay, we chose a modern, well-designed | 2) office equipment that operates perfectly. |
| C) The town is particularly attractive to visitors because it is known for its many | 3) information about the beautiful white beach. |
| D) One of the main advantages of the place was the pleasant view, which included a | 4) apartment situated close to the main historic landmarks. |
| | 5) private swimming pool reserved exclusively for guests. |
| | 6) streets lined with charming old shops and local businesses. |

78

- | | |
|---|--|
| A) You can borrow my laptop for the weekend | 1) until he felt comfortable speaking without notes. |
| B) Brian practiced his presentation daily | 2) unless they have a special permit. |
| C) Nobody is allowed to enter the lab | 3) why the battery was completely drained. |
| D) Susan managed to fix the broken engine | 4) even if the instructions were written in French. |
| | 5) provided that you don't download any large files. |
| | 6) by using a tutorial she found on the internet. |

79

- A) Although coffee and tea are grown in many countries around the world,
 - B) Because the quality of the leaves depends on careful handling, improper
 - C) While Arabica beans are prized for their smooth flavor, Robusta beans
 - D) After the leaves are harvested and sorted,
- 1) but mechanized harvesting is rarely used for specialty products.
 - 2) are often used in instant coffee and espresso blends.
 - 3) it is exported in large quantities to meet global demand.
 - 4) they are carefully dried, rolled and sometimes roasted to improve aroma.
 - 5) the finest plantations are located in high-altitude regions with stable climates.
 - 6) drying or storage might reduce their commercial value.

80

- A) Hardly had Ella started her new job
 - B) In spite of admitting the issues he had faced
 - C) He wasn't worrying much about the result except
 - D) The team felt deeply sorry to
- 1) when her manager asked her to lead the meeting.
 - 2) though she received a promotion she didn't expect.
 - 3) completely changed their perspective on life.
 - 4) that he might miss the award for the best performance.
 - 5) discover that the project had failed.
 - 6) he was able to overcome them successfully.